

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

XXVII. An Account of several sepulchral Inscriptions and Figures in Bas-relief, discovered, in 1755, at Bonn in Lower Germany. In a Letter to James West, Esquire, Pr. R. S. from John Strange, Esquire, F. R. S.

SIR,

Read Nov. 9. OUR distinguished taste for antiquities, and the zeal you have ever shewn in the preservation of them, encourage me to address to you the following account of some curious remains of Roman antiquity, found a few years since at Bonn in Lower Germany.

In a journey to Italy, in the summer of 1757, passing through Germany and the Tyrol, I had opportunities of collecting several ancient Roman inscriptions, which, upon examination afterwards, I found had never been published. Upon my arrival in Tuscany, I therefore communicated them to such, among my literary friends, as delighted in these studies, and my German inscriptions were soon after published by Dr. Lami, professor of theology at Florence (1).

<sup>(1)</sup> Novelle Letterarie di Firenze, t. xxiv. p. 527:

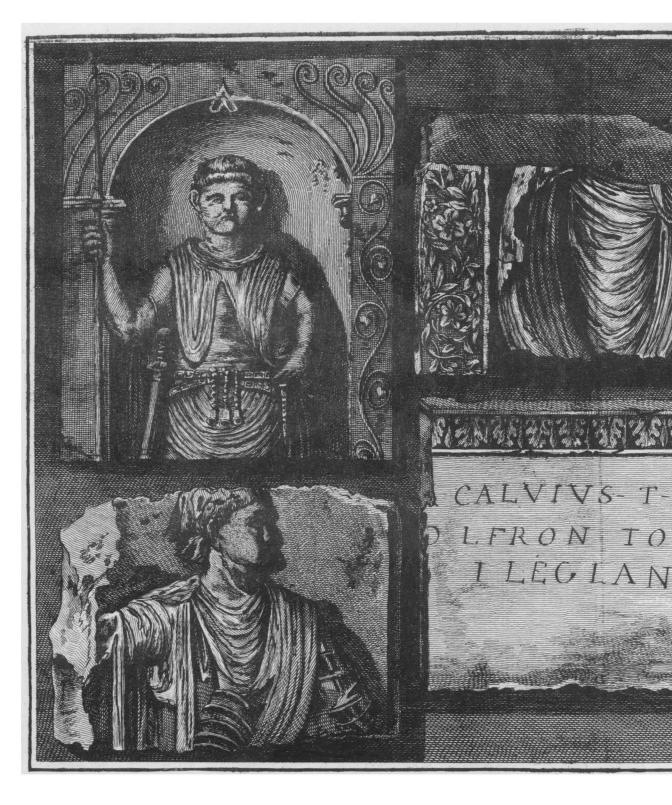
## [ 196 ]

The remainder were inserted by Abbé Donati, of Lucca, in a new collection of ancient Roman inscriptions which he has lately published by way of supplement to Muratori's Thesaurus. But as several of the inscriptions, which I had collected in Germany, were copied from bas-reliefs, which appeared to me to be curious, and very little known, I thought proper to have drawings of them made, and take this opportunity of communicating them to you; desiring at the same time, that you would be pleased to present them, in my name, to the learned Society over which you preside, should you think they merit their attention and acceptance. Permit me at present to give you the following short account of the originals.

About May, 1755, in digging some soundations in a garden belonging to his serene Highness the Elector of Cologne, at Bonn in Germany, several ancient Roman sepulchral stones were sound. Eight of these, being thought curious on account of the bas-reliefs and inscriptions carved upon them, were soon after fixed up against the wall of an inner open court of the electoral palace at Bonn, where they still remain.

The drawings(2), which I have now the honour to fend you, are faithful copies of these antiquities, which being in the highest preservation, and the inscriptions upon them containing nothing more than the usual form, it would be impertinent to enter into any particular description of them. I cannot however omit remarking the singular barbarity of the Roman soldiers names in these inscriptions. It will be further

<sup>(2)</sup> See Tab. VIII. and IX.



IVL. SI DVAE OBI VR-CABRIO VILIFER-LEC

IV

TO ANN.





OPHLIVS OF DIN SECVNDVS DOM MEDIOM LESLEG

XV-PRIM-ANN-STIP-V-H-EX-I-F-(



## [ 197 ]

fatisfactory to acquaint you, that I wrote some time ago to Father Hartzheim, a learned Jesuit and antiquarian of Cologne (the author of Veldidena and several other tracts relating to the antiquities of Lower Germany, and who is since dead), in order to know whether any farther discoveries had been made at Bonn since that time. His answer assured me that nothing more had been found.

This is all I have to trouble you with upon the present subject; give me leave, therefore, to assure you, that I shall with pleasure embrace any suture opportunity of communicating such particulars, relative to the scope of the Royal Society, as have fallen within the course of my travels; and shall ever esteem their indulgence an ample compensation for my trouble.

I have the honour to be.

SIR,

Your very obedient

and humble fervant,

Cavendish Square, July 10, 1769.

John Strange.